It Happened In The Country

Objectives:

- Form and use verbs in the active and passive voice.
- Form and use verbs in the indicative, imperative, interrogative, conditional, and subjunctive mood.
- Recognize and correct incorrect shifts in verb voice and mood.
- Use a variety of reference materials to determine meaning, pronunciation, and part of speech.

I Can Statements:

- I can use verbs to indicate past, present, or future happening in my writing.
- I can use a variety of verb moods in my writing in order to vary sentence type and purpose.
- I can edit my writing for appropriate and consistent verb usage.
- I can use reference materials to determine meaning, pronunciation, and part of speech.

1. Verb Tense

Verb Mood

 Indicative, Imperative, Interrogative, Conditional, & Subjective

3. Editing For Proper Verb Usage

Voice / Mood

4. Using Reference Materials

Precise Meaning, Pronunciation, & Part of Speech



CCSS:

L.8.1, L.8.1b, L.8.1c, L.8.1d, L.8.4, L.8.4c

Glossary

Active Verb Tense: form of a verb that shows the subject of a sentence does the action.

Conditional Verb Mood: Indicates a conditional state that will cause something else to happen. The conditional is marked by the words *might*, *could*, and *would*.

Imperative Verb Mood: Indicates a state of command.

Indicative Verb Mood: Indicates a statement of fact or reality.

Interrogative Verb Mood: Indicates a state of questioning or requesting action.

Passive Verb Tense: Form of a verb that shows the subjects is affected by the action (rather than currently performing the option).

Subjective Verb Mood: Indicates a hypothetical state, a state contrary to reality, such as a wish, a desire, or an imaginary situation.

Tense (Verb): Demonstrates the time (past, present, or future)

Verb Mood: Indicates a state of being or reality.

